



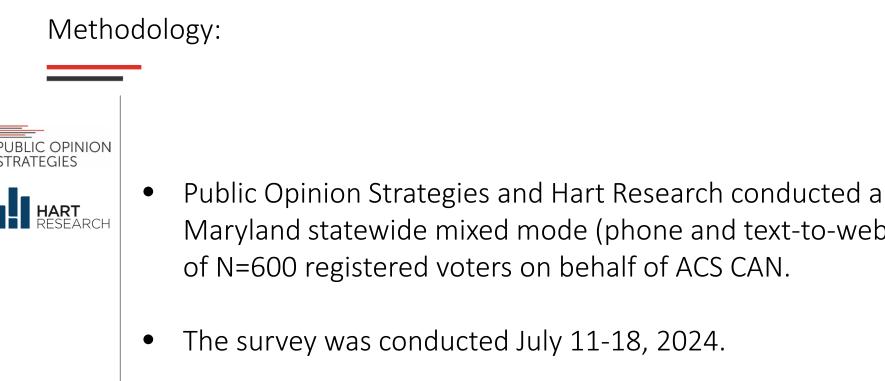
PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES turning questions into answers



Every voice heard. Every opinion counted.

CANCER

## ACS CAN Maryland Statewide: Key Findings August 27, 2024



- Maryland statewide mixed mode (phone and text-to-web) survey of N=600 registered voters on behalf of ACS CAN.
- The survey was conducted July 11-18, 2024.
- The margin of error for a sample of N=600 registered voters is +/- 4.0% at a 95% confidence level.





## Key Findings

Differing from voters' perceptions nationally, a majority of Maryland voters say their state is going in the right direction. This is driven by very positive views among voters of color and Democrats.

<b>C</b> 0(	. 4 20/	Maryland Data	Right Direction	Wrong Track	Net Difference
<u>-6%</u>	<u>+13%</u>	All Voters	56%	43%	+13%
		Men (47%)	53%	47%	+6%
		Women (52%)	58%	40%	+18%
	56%	Ages 18-44 (39%)	58%	40%	+18%
49%	420/	Ages 45-64 (34%)	52%	48%	+4%
43%	43%	Ages 65+ (27%)	58%	<b>42%</b>	+16%
		White Voters (61%)	52%	<b>47%</b>	+5%
		Black Voters (28%)	66%	33%	+33%
		Voters of Color (39%)	62%	37%	+25%
		Republicans (30%)	21%	<b>79%</b>	<b>-58%</b>
National (Mood of State)	Maryland	Independents (13%)	44%	<b>49%</b>	-5%
Right Direction	Wrong Track	Democrats (57%)	77%	23%	+54%

Would you say things in Maryland are going in the right direction, or have they pretty seriously gotten off on the wrong track?

HART



The most important issue to voters in Maryland is consistent with what is most important to voters nationally – inflation and the cost of living and protecting democracy.

	Nati	ional	Maryland		
Ranked by % First Choice – Maryland	First Choice	Combined 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> Choices	First Choice	Combined 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> Choices	
Inflation and Cost of Living	31%	47%	33%	51%	
Protecting Democracy	19%	25%	23%	32%	
Crime	4%	12%	9%	19%	
Taxes and Government Spending	8%	18%	7%	19%	
Immigration and Border Security	11%	27%	6%	14%	
Economy and Jobs	10%	22%	6%	19%	
Affordable Health Care Coverage	6%	17%	5%	14%	
Access to Reproductive Health	6%	17%	5%	15%	
All of the Above	2%	2%	1%	1%	
Other	3%	5%	5%	8%	



Which one of the following issues is the most important to you personally? Which is the next most important issue?

And, if you had to pick the most important issue, which would it be?



All Voters	Men	Women	Ages 18-44	Ages 45-64	Ages	65+	White \	/oters	Voters of C	Color Black V	oters	Republicans	Independents	Democrats
All Voters	(47%)	(52%)	(39%)	(34%)	(27	%)	(619	%)	(39%)	(28%	6)	(30%)	(13%)	(57%)
Inflation and	Inflation and	Inflation and	Inflation and	Inflation and	Prote	cting	Inflatio	n and	Inflation	and Inflatio	n and	Inflation and	Inflation and	Protecting
Cost of Living	Cost of Living	Cost of Living	Cost of Living	Cost of Living	g Demo	cracy	Cost of	Living	Cost of Liv	ing Cost of	iving	Cost of Living	Cost of Living	Democracy
33%	32%	34%	45%	31%	36	%	29	%	39%	419	6	39%	46%	36%
Protecting	Protecting	Protecting	Protecting	Protecting	Inflatio	on and	Protec	ting	Protecti	ng Protec	ting	Immigration 8	Taxes & Gov't	Inflation and
Democracy	Democracy	Democracy	Democracy	Democracy	Cost of	Living	Demo	cracy	Democra	acy Demo	racy	Border Sec.	Spending	Cost of Living
23%	22%	24%	14%	23%	18	%	27	%	17%	17	6	15%	11%	27%
Crime	Taxes & Gov't	Crime	Access to Rep.	Economy	Taxes &	Gov't	Taxes &	Gov't	Crime	Crin		Taxes & Gov't	Crime	Access to Rep.
	Spending		Health	and Jobs	Spen	ding	Spend	ding		_	-	Spending		Health
9%	9%	8%	7%	10%	12	%	9%	6	15%	16	<b>%</b>	14%	10%	8%
Less Than College (51%)	College + (49%)	Baltimore Media Marl (51%)		Care	givers 6%)	Not Card (74	-	Но	Cancer usehold (48%)	Not Cancer Household (52%)	P	rivate Health Insurance (46%)	Medicare (13%)	Medicaid (14%)
Inflation and	Protecting	Inflation ar	nd Inflation a	nd Inflat	ion and	Inflatio	on and	Infla	ation and	Inflation and	1	nflation and	Protecting	Inflation and
Cost of Living	Democracy	Cost of Livi	ng   Cost of Livi	ng Cost o	of Living	Cost of	Living	Cost	of Living	Cost of Livin	g     (	Cost of Living	Democracy	Cost of Living
40%	34%	33%	33%	3	3%	33	%	3	33%	33%		34%	38%	40%
Protecting	Inflation and	Protecting	g Protectin	g Prot	ecting	Prote	cting	Pro	otecting	Protecting		Protecting	Inflation and	Crime
Democracy	Cost of Living	Democrac	y Democrac	y Dem	ocracy	Demo	cracy	De	mocracy	Democracy		Democracy	Cost of Living	
13%	26%	18%	28%	2	2%	24	%	2	26%	<b>21%</b>		25%	17%	17%
Crime	Access to Rep.	Crime	Crime	Cr	ime	Crir	ne	Taxe	s & Gov't	Crime	٦	axes & Gov't	Taxes & Gov't	Protecting
	Health			_	-		-	Sp	ending			Spending	Spending	Democracy
11%	6%	11%	8%	8	8%	9%	0		9%	10%		9%	10%	16%

### Maryland Data: Top Issues by Key Demographic Sub-Groups

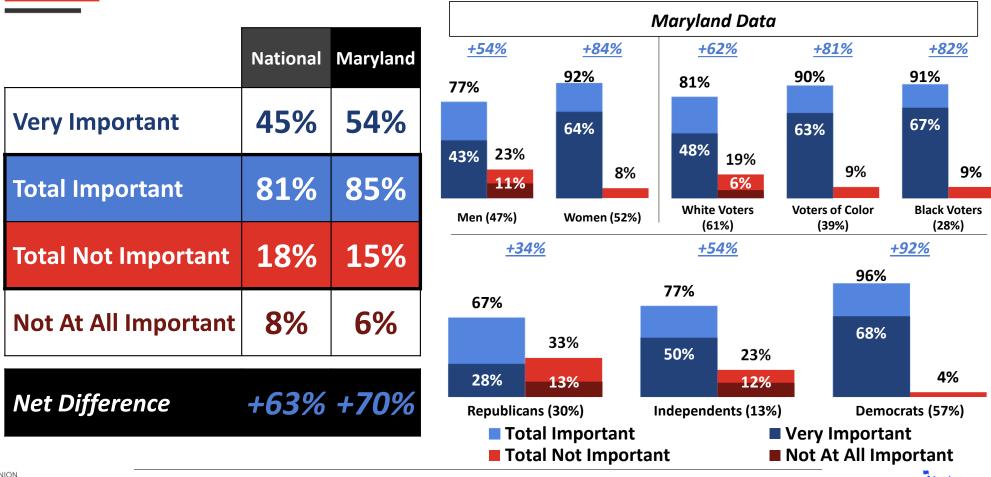
PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES HART RESEARCH Ranked by First Choice

Which one of the following issues is the most important to you personally? Which is the next most important issue?

And, if you had to pick the most important issue, which would it be?



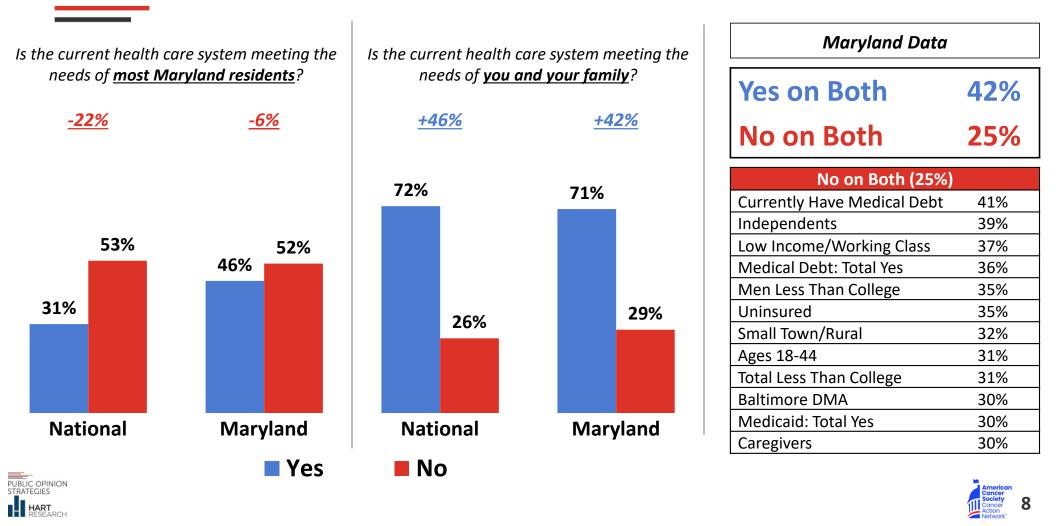
More than 8 in 10 voters say a candidate's position on access to affordable, comprehensive health coverage is a vote determining factor. Women, Voters of Color, and Democratic leaning audiences feel this even more strongly.





And, how important is a candidate's position on access to affordable, comprehensive health care coverage to you when deciding who to vote for? Is it...

A majority of Maryland voters say the health care system is <u>not</u> meeting the needs of most of the state's residents. 7 in 10 voters though say it is meeting the needs of their family.



Maryland Data: Health Care System Meeting Needs by Key Demographic Sub-Groups

Meeting Needs of Most Residents							
	Yes	No	Net Difference				
All Voters	46%	<b>52%</b>	-6%				
Men (47%)	51%	46%	+5%				
Women (52%)	41%	57%	-16%				
White Voters (61%)	47%	51%	-4%				
Voters of Color (39%)	43%	54%	-11%				
Republicans (30%)	<b>49%</b>	48%	+1%				
Independents (13%)	41%	<b>52%</b>	-11%				
Democrats (57%)	45%	54%	<b>-9%</b>				
Low Inc./Working Class (35%)	37%	60%	-23%				
Middle Class (42%)	<b>49%</b>	<b>49%</b>	-0-				
Upper Class/Well-To-Do (23%)	54%	45%	<b>+9%</b>				
Private Health Insurance (46%)	46%	52%	-6%				
Medicare (13%)	<b>53%</b>	47%	+6%				
Medicaid (14%)	47%	48%	-1%				

Health Care System

#### <u>Health Care System</u> <u>Meeting Needs of You/Your Family</u>

	Yes	No	Net Difference
All Voters	71%	<b>29%</b>	+42%
Men (47%)	70%	30%	+40%
Women (52%)	72%	28%	+44%
White Voters (61%)	73%	27%	+46%
Voters of Color (39%)	68%	<b>31%</b>	+37%
Republicans (30%)	70%	30%	+40%
Independents (13%)	57%	43%	+14%
Democrats (57%)	75%	25%	+50%
Low Inc./Working Class (35%)	<b>59%</b>	40%	+19%
Middle Class (42%)	74%	<b>26%</b>	+48%
Upper Class/Well-To-Do (23%)	84%	16%	+68%
Private Health Insurance (46%)	73%	27%	+46%
Medicare (13%)	77%	23%	+54%
Medicaid (14%)	71%	29%	+42%



nerican incer ciety incer tion <u>Most Important Health Care Issue:</u> Addressing health care costs, particularly out-of-pocket costs is the most important health care issue in Maryland.

	Nat	ional	Maryland		
Ranked by % First Choice – Maryland	% First Choice	% Combined 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> Choices	% First Choice	% Combined 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> Choices	
Out-of-pocket health insurance costs, such as copays & deductibles	23%	42%	23%	46%	
Providing health coverage to all residents	16%	26%	20%	33%	
The cost of monthly health insurance premiums	19%	35%	19%	36%	
The costs of prescription medicines	14%	29%	11%	25%	
Ability to find doctors that accept your health insurance plan	9%	20%	10%	21%	
Racial disparities in health care	4%	10%	7%	16%	
Access to comprehensive health insurance plans	6%	13%	5%	12%	
Surprise medical bills	5%	12%	5%	11%	
Something else	0%	1%	0%	<1%	
All of These	1%	1%	0%	0%	

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From the following list, which health care issue is most important to you? And, which is the next most important to you?



## Maryland Data: Top 3 Health Care Issues by Gender and Age

All Voters	Men (47%)	Women (52%)	Ages 18-44 (39%)	Ages 45-64 (34%)	Ages 65+ (27%)
OUT-OF-POCKET 23% First 46% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 23% First 40% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 25% First 47% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 25% First 48% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 26% First 51% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 26% First 38% Combined
HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 20% First 33% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 21% First 46% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 20% First 34% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 23% First 32% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 22% First 40% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 25% First 41% Combined
MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 19% First 36% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 20% First 30% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 15% First 32% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 11% First 31% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 13% First 27% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 15% First 38% Combined

Ranked by First Choice



From the following list, which health care issue is most important to you? And, which is the next most important to you?



## Maryland Data: Top 3 Health Care Issues by Ethnicity and Party

All Voters	White Voters (61%)	Voters of Color (39%)						•	Independents (13%)	Democrats (57%)
OUT-OF-POCKET 23% First 46% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 22% First 45% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 23% First 48% Combined		MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 31% First 51% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 26% First 47% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 29% First 46% Combined				
HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 20% First 33% Combined	HEALTH COVERAGE FOR ALL RESIDENTS 22% First 34% Combined			OUT-OF-POCKET 27% First 55% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 22% First 42% Combined	OUT-OF-POCKET 20% First 42% Combined				
MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 19% First 36% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 21% First 38% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 16% First 34% Combined		COST OF PRESCRIPTION MEDICINES 15% First 30% Combined	ABILITY TO FIND DOCTORS 19% First 38% Combined	MONTHLY HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM COSTS 12% First 27% Combined				

Ranked by First Choice



From the following list, which health care issue is most important to you? And, which is the next most important to you?



All three of these areas are seen as being high or very high priorities for improving health care at the state level. Making sure all health plans cover doctor recommended care tops the list.

	National	Maryland	Maryland				
Ranked by % Total Very High/High Priority – Maryland	% Total Very High/High Priority	% Total Very High/High Priority	Republicans (30%)	Independents (13%)	Democrats (57%)		
Making sure all health insurance plans cover medical tests, screenings, preventive care and treatments recommended by a patient's doctor	84%	84%	68%	81%	94%		
Ensuring all Maryland residents have access to affordable, comprehensive health insurance coverage	74%	78%	50%	77%	92%		
Lowering the cost of what Maryland residents pay monthly and out-of- pocket for health insurance premiums, copays, and deductibles	74%	77%	<b>62%</b>	80%	85%		



The following are some priorities that elected officials here in Maryland have discussed for improving health care in your state. For each, please tell me how high of a priority you think this should be here in Maryland. Should it be a very high priority, a high priority, a medium priority, a low priority, or not a priority at all?



Majorities of voters in Maryland and nationally report they have currently or have had medical debt.

	National	Maryland	Maryland Data	
			Currently Have Medical D	e <b>bt (25%)</b>
Total Yes Has/Had	<b>F2</b> 0/	<b>F</b> 20/	Medicaid: Self/Household	38%
Medical Debt	53%	<b>53%</b>	Caregivers	38%
			Black Women	36%
Yes, Currently Have			Low Income/Working Class	36%
	23%	25%	Black Voters DC DMA	35%
Medical Debt			Total Less Than College	34%
			Republican Women	34%
Yes, Have Had In Past	200/	28%	Women Ages 18-54	33%
Medical Debt	50/0	20/0	Black Voters	33%
			Ages 45-64	32%
No, Have Never Had			Medicaid: Total Yes	32%
Medical Debt 46%	46%	Small Town/Rural	31%	
			Uninsured	30%



Do you or an immediate family member currently have any medical debt, or have you had any in the past? This could be bills from a hospital, doctors' office, lab, ambulance trip, or other medical provider.



Maryland Data: Medical Debt by Key Demographic Sub-Groups

### % Total Have/Had Medical Debt

Men (47%)	Won (52		Ages 1 (39		Ages 4 (34%		Ages 6 (27%		White Vo (61%)		Voters of (39%		Black Vo (28%	
50%	5 57	%	52	%	63	%	449	6	50%	6	<b>59</b> '	%	629	%
			Less Th Colleg (51%	ge b)	College (49%)	)	Baltin Media M (51) 52	/larket %)	DC Medi Market (45%) 53%					
c	aregivers (26%)	Not Care (749		Hou	ncer sehold 8%)	Hous	Cancer ehold 2%)	Ins	ate Health surance (46%)		licare 3%)		dicaid 4%)	
	70%	48	%	57	7%	50	)%	4	6%	53	<b>3%</b>	67	7%	



Do you or an immediate family member currently have any medical debt, or have you had any in the past? This could be bills from a hospital, doctors' office, lab, ambulance trip, or other medical provider.



Virtually all voters say medical debt is experienced by at least a few people, with roughly two-thirds in Maryland saying it is experienced by many.

	National	Maryland
Many Have Experienced	73%	65%
Some Have Experienced	20%	28%
Few Have Experienced	2%	3%
Total Experienced	95%	96%
Not Really Experienced	1%	3%

Net Difference

**+94%** 

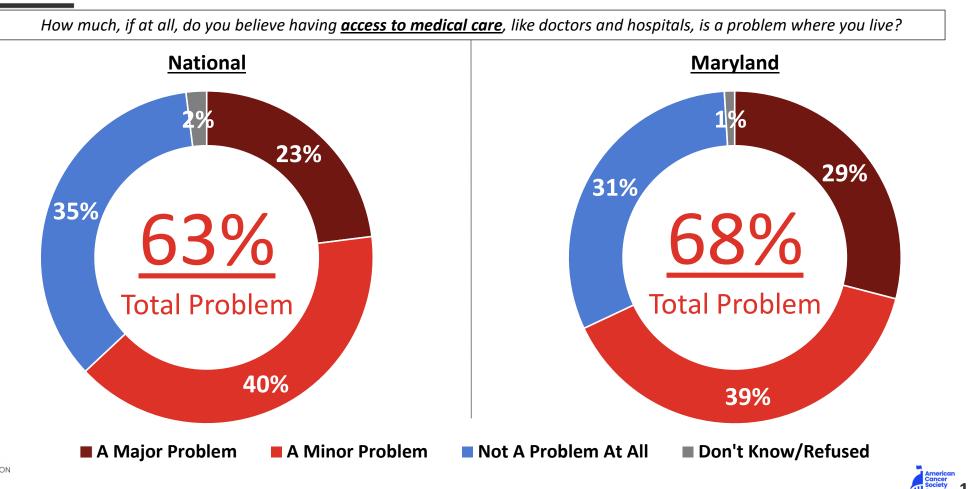


In thinking about people in Maryland, do you think that medical debt is something that many people have experienced, some people have experienced, just a few people have experienced, or is this something that is not really experienced?



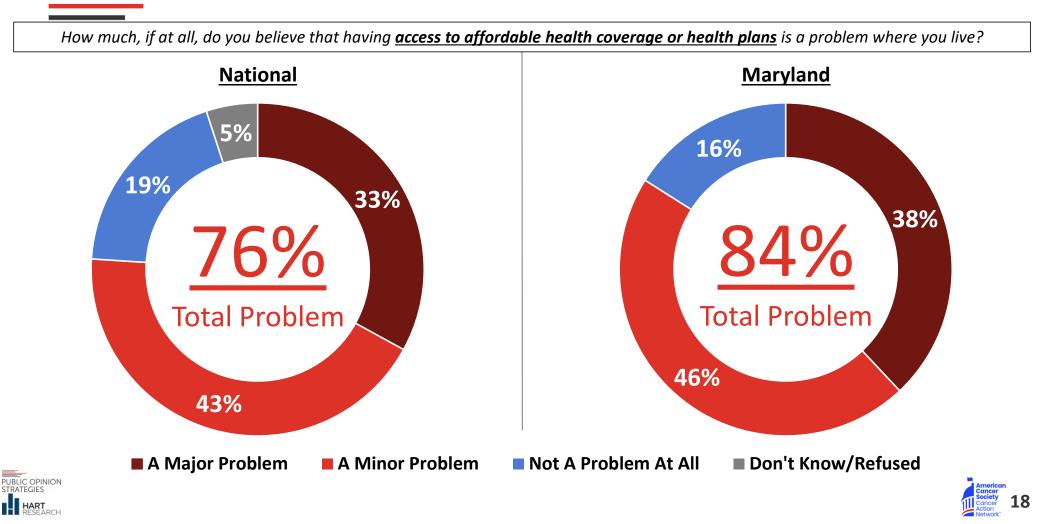
93%

More than two-thirds of Maryland voters say access to medical care is a problem in the community where they live.





Access to affordable health care coverage or health plans is an even bigger problem for Maryland voters.



Maryland Data: Health Access Problems Where You Live?

			Access to Medical Care														
	All Voters	Men (47%)	Women (52%)	Ages 18-44 (39%)	Ages 45-64 (34%)	Ages 65+ (27%)	White Voters (61%)	Voters of Color (39%)	Black Voters (28%)	GOP (30%)	Inds (13%)	Dems (57%)					
Major Problem	29%	25%	32%	28%	33%	25%	26%	33%	33%	19%	40%	31%					
Total Problem	68%	<b>62%</b>	74%	73%	69%	<b>62%</b>	67%	70%	<b>69%</b>	54%	70%	76%					

#### Access to Affordable Health Coverage or Health Plans

	All Voters	Men (47%)	Women (52%)	Ages 18-44 (39%)	Ages 45-64 (34%)	Ages 65+ (27%)	White Voters (61%)	Voters of Color (39%)	Black Voters (28%)	GOP (30%)	Inds (13%)	Dems (57%)
Major Problem	38%	37%	38%	41%	42%	28%	36%	41%	44%	21%	<b>52%</b>	44%
Total Problem	84%	82%	85%	89%	85%	75%	83%	84%	83%	74%	84%	89%

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Maryland Data: Health Access Problems Where You Live?

	Access to Medical Care														
	All Voters	Less Than College (51%)	College + (49%)	Baltimore Media Market (51%)	DC Media Market (45%)	Caregivers (26%)	Not Caregivers (74%)		Not Cancer Household (52%)	Private Health Insurance (46%)	Medicare (13%)	Medicaid (14%)			
Major Problem	29%	33%	25%	29%	28%	37%	26%	27%	30%	25%	32%	44%			
Total Problem	<b>68%</b>	67%	70%	65%	73%	71%	68%	66%	71%	<b>67%</b>	67%	71%			

#### Access to Affordable Health Coverage or Health Plans

	All Voters	Less Than College (51%)	College + (49%)	Baltimore Media Market (51%)	DC Media Market (45%)	Caregivers (26%)	Not Caregivers (74%)	Cancer Household (48%)	Not Cancer Household (52%)	Private Health Insurance (46%)	Medicare (13%)	Medicaid (14%)
Major Problem	38%	39%	37%	36%	40%	40%	37%	38%	37%	37%	<b>29%</b>	<b>49%</b>
Total Problem	84%	84%	83%	82%	86%	91%	81%	84%	83%	86%	<b>78%</b>	82%



Highlighted boxes are differences above the margin of error



Maryland Data: Overall, there is overwhelming support for all the health care policy proposals we tested. A majority of voters strongly support all five policy proposals.

Ranked by Net Difference	Strongly Support	Total Support	Total Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Net Difference
Increasing federal funding for cancer research for the discovery of new treatments, therapies, and cures	72%	92%	8%	3%	<b>+84%</b>
Ensuring patients who qualify receive the full benefits from financial assistance or drug discount programs	72%	91%	9%	3%	<b>+82%</b>
Increasing federal funding to make cancer screenings and diagnostic tests free for patients	76%	90%	10%	5%	+80%
Increasing and expanding patient access to services and programs that address medical debt	62%	89%	11%	5%	+78%
Making permanent the enhanced premium tax credits the federal government provides to help working adults who qualify purchase an Affordable Care Act Marketplace health insurance plan	60%	86%	13%	7%	+73%

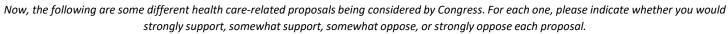


Now, the following are some different health care-related proposals being considered by Congress. For each one, please indicate whether you would strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose each proposal.



Majorities of voters across party in Maryland support each of the health care policy proposals we tested.

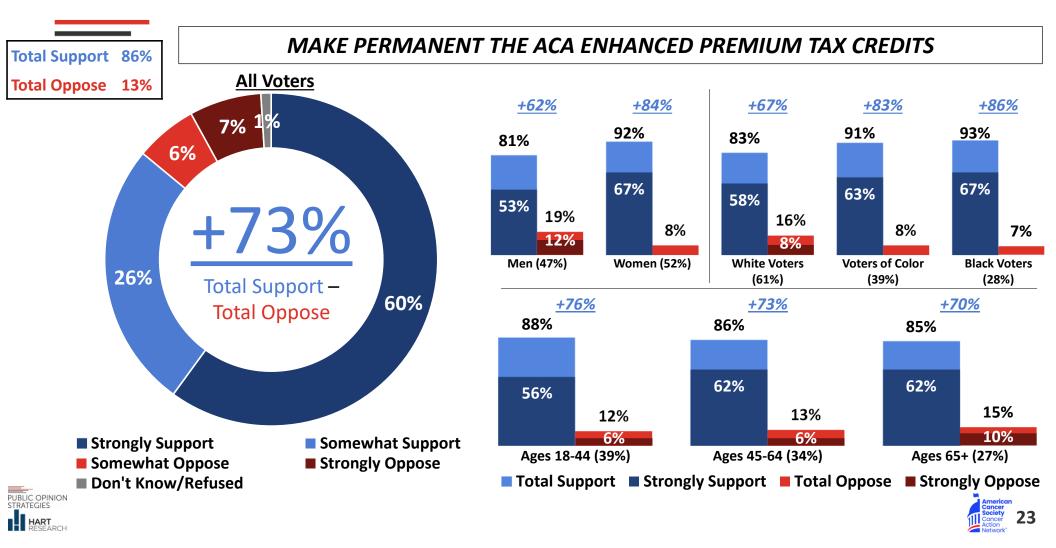
				Maryla	nd Data			
	Reput	olicans		Indepe	ndents	Democrats		
Ranked by % Strongly Support – All Voters	Strongly Support	Total Support		Strongly Support	Total Support	Strongly Support	Total Suppor	
INCREASE FEDERAL FUNDING TO MAKE CANCER SCREENINGS FREE	54%	<b>76%</b>		72%	87%	88%	98%	
ENSURE THOSE WHO QUALIFY RECEIVE FULL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE/DRUG DISCOUNT BENEFITS	46%	82%	-	68%	90%	86%	96%	
INCREASE FEDERAL FUNDING FOR CANCER RESEARCH	52%	81%		72%	94%	82%	98%	
INCREASE/EXPAND ACCESS TO SERVICES THAT ADDRESS MEDICAL DEBT	33%	74%	-	65%	83%	77%	98%	
MAKE PERMANENT THE ACA ENHANCED PREMIUM TAX CREDITS	33%	<b>69%</b>		51%	83%	76%	97%	



HART



## Maryland Data: Make Permanent the ACA Enhanced Premium Tax Credits



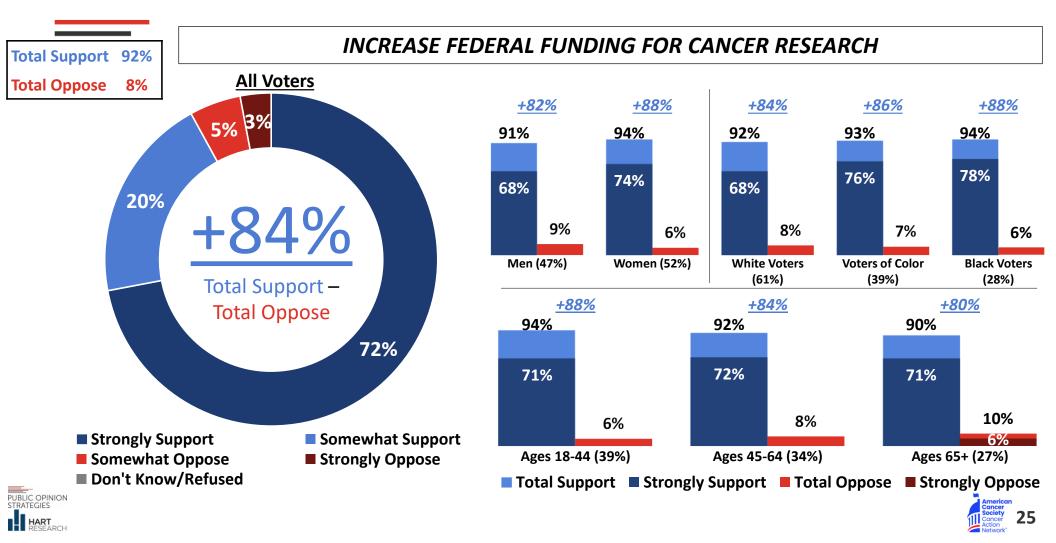
Maryland Data: Make Permanent The ACA Enhanced Premium Tax Credits by Key Demographic Sub-Groups

	M	AKE PER	MANEN	T THE A	CA ENH	ANCED F	PR	EMIUN	И ТАХ	( CRE	Dľ	TS		
	All Voters	Men (47%)	Women (52%)	Ages 18-44 (39%)	Ages 45-64 (34%)	Ages 65+ (27%)	1	White \ Voters (61%)	/oters of Color (39%)	Black Voter (28%	s	GOP (30%)	Inds (13%)	Dems (57%)
Total Support	86%	81%	<b>92%</b>	88%	86%	85%	8	83%	91%	93%	6	<b>69</b> %	<b>6 83%</b>	97%
Total Oppose	13%	<b>19%</b>	8%	12%	13%	15%	1	16%	8%	7%	5	31%	<mark>6</mark> 17%	3%
Net Difference	+73%	+62%	+84%	+76%	+73%	+70%	+	-67% +	<b>-83</b> %	+86	%	+38	% +66%	6 <mark>+94%</mark>
	Less Than College (51%)	College + (49%)	Baltimore Media Market (51%)	DC Media Market (45%)	Caregivers (26%)	S Not Caregivers (74%)		Cancer Household (48%)	Not Ca d House (52)	hold	F Ins	rivate lealth surance (46%)	Medicare (13%)	Medicaid (14%)
Total Support	86%	87%	84%	90%	91%	85%		87%	86	%	8	34%	91%	87%
Total Oppose	14%	12%	16%	10%	9%	15%		13%	13	%	1	.6%	<b>9%</b>	13%
Net Difference	+72%	+75%	+68%	+80%	+82%	<mark>6</mark> +70%		+74%	6 +73	3%	+	68%	+82%	+74%

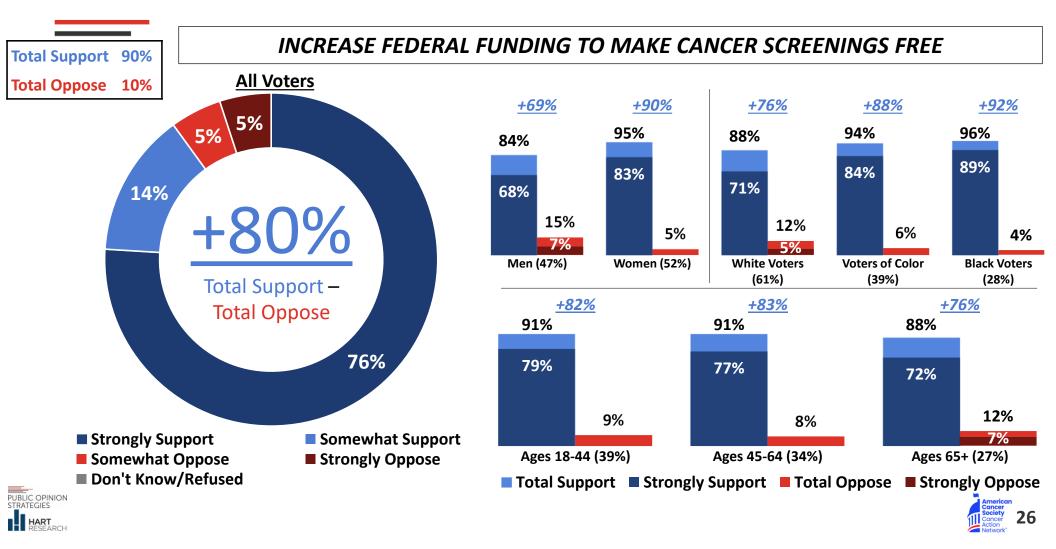
PUBLIC OPINION STRATEGIES HART RESEARCH Highlighted boxes are differences above the margin of error



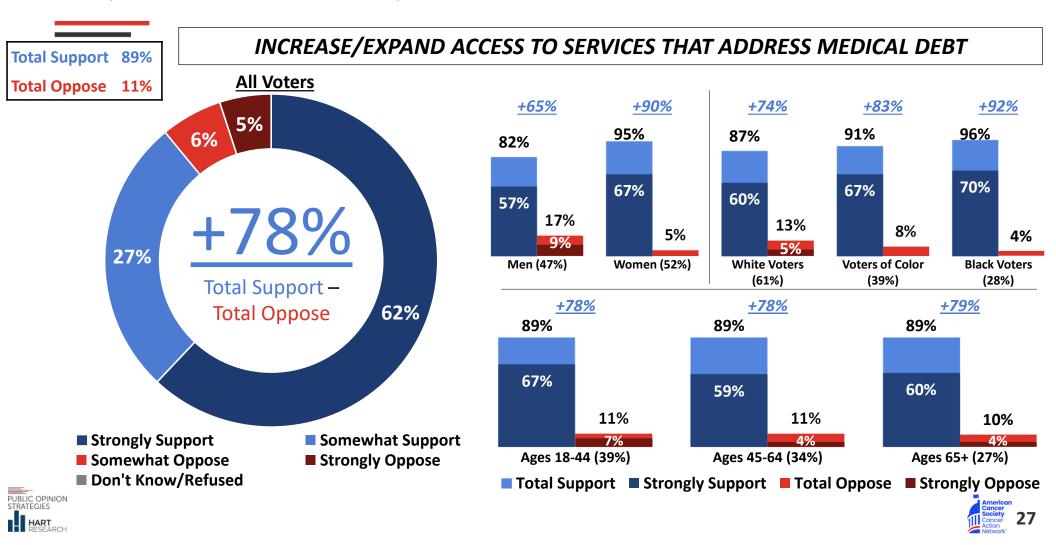
Maryland Data: Increase Federal Funding for Cancer Research



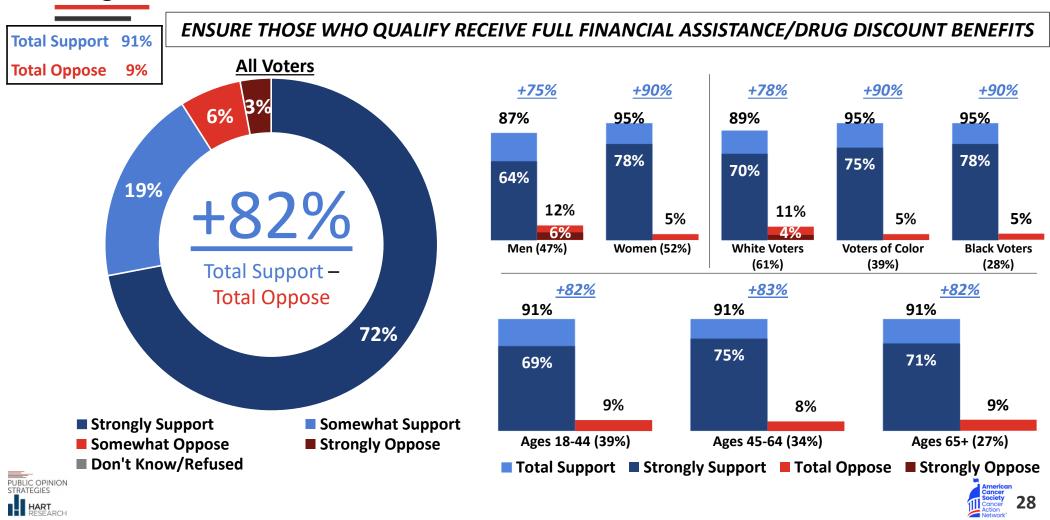
### Maryland Data: Increase Federal Funding to Make Cancer Screenings Free



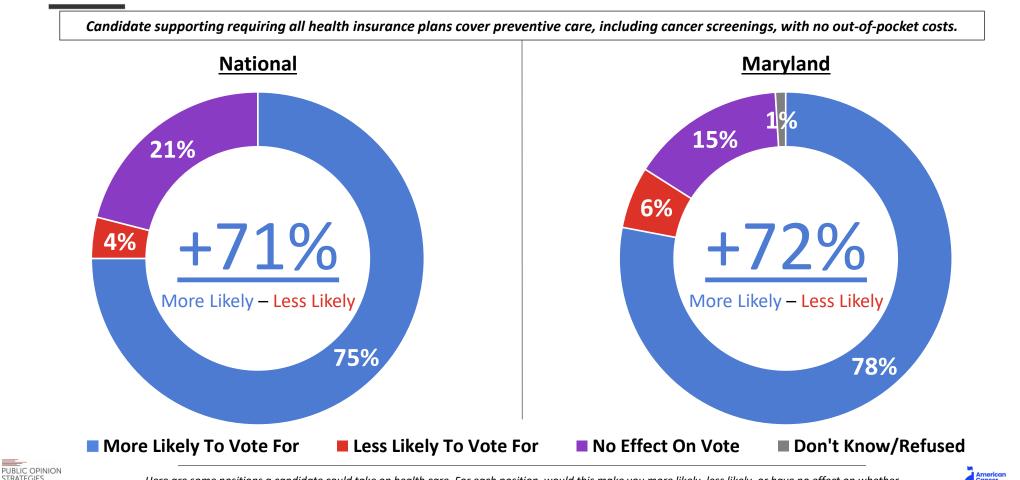
Maryland Data: Increase/Expand Access to Services that Address Medical Debt



Maryland Data: Ensure Those Who Qualify Receive Full Financial Assistance/ Drug Discount Benefits



Three-quarters of voters nationally and more than three-quarters of voters in Maryland say they would be more likely to vote for a candidate if they supported policies requiring health plans to cover cancer screenings with no out-of-pocket costs.

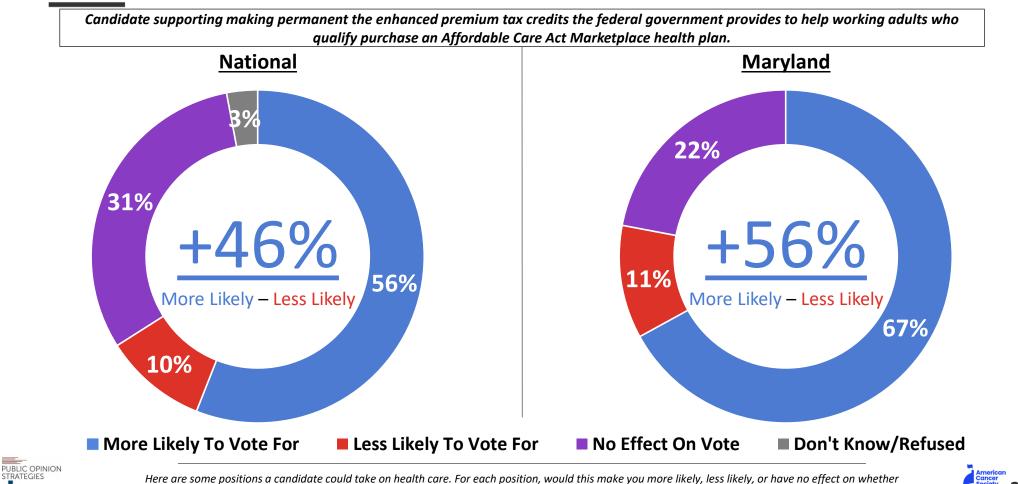


Here are some positions a candidate could take on health care. For each position, would this make you more likely, less likely, or have no effect on whether you vote for this candidate or not.

HART



Majorities of voters say they would be more likely to vote for a candidate if they supported policies making permanent the ACA enhanced premium tax credits.



you vote for this candidate or not.

HART



## Maryland Data – Vote Impact: Make Permanent the ACA Enhanced Premium Tax Credits By Key Demographic Sub-Groups

	• •	• • •	hat would me ng adults who	•		•			-	-				
	All Voters	Men (47%)	Women (52%)	Ages 18-44 (39%)	Ages 45-64 (34%)	Ages 65+ (27%)		White Voters (61%)	Voters of Color (39%)	Black Voi (28%)		GOP (30%)	Inds (13%)	Dems (57%)
More Likely	<b>67%</b>	<b>57%</b>	75%	64%	<b>69%</b>	<b>68%</b>		64%	70%	73%	6	35%	6 <b>60%</b>	85%
Less Likely	11%	16%	7%	<b>9%</b>	<b>13%</b>	<b>13%</b>		14%	8%	6%		27%	<mark>6 9%</mark>	4%
Net Difference	+56%	+41%	+68%	+55%	+56%	+55%	4	+50% -	+ <mark>62</mark> %	+67	%	+8%	6 <b>+51%</b>	<b>+81%</b>
No Effect	22%	27%	17%	27%	18%	19%		22%	22%	20%	6	38%	<b>31%</b>	11%
	Less Than College (51%)	College + (49%)	Baltimore Media Market (51%)	DC Media Market (45%)	Caregivers (26%)	Not Caregiver (74%)	s	Cancer Househole (48%)	Not Ca d House (52	hold	Ins	ite Health Surance (46%)	Medicare (13%)	Medicaid (14%)
More Likely	64%	<b>69%</b>	<b>62%</b>	73%	70%	66%		67%	66	%	6	1%	75%	66%
Less Likely	13%	<b>10%</b>	15%	<b>7%</b>	9%	12%		11%	12	%	1	4%	4%	11%
Net Difference	+51%	+59%	+47%	+66%	+61%	<b>6</b> +54%		+56%	<mark>6 +5</mark> 4	<b>4%</b>	+4	47%	+71%	+55%
No Effect	23%	21%	23%	<b>19%</b>	22%	22%		22%	22	%	2	4%	21%	23%

Highlighted boxes are differences above the margin of error



Here are some positions a candidate could take on health care. For each position, would this make you more likely, less likely, or have no effect on whether you vote for this candidate or not.



# Thank You



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